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المنافقة الم

1. A compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp comprising:

a bulb filled with discharge gas containing mercury and a rare gas; an excitation coil installed near the bulb;

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil; and

a base that is electrically connected to the ballast circuit,

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wherein: the bulb, the excitation coil, the ballast circuit and the base are formed into an integral part;

the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;
a recessed portion to which the excitation coil is inserted is formed on
the ballast circuit side of the bulb;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof, with a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion being provided with a function for suppressing the convection of the discharge gas;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 90 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.07 W/cm<sup>2</sup> to not more than 0.11 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of

the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3; and

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is  $\Delta h$ , and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied:  $\Delta h \leq 1.15 \times Dc + 1.25$  [mm].

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- 2. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 1, wherein the diameter Dc and the distance  $\Delta h$  satisfy the following relationship:  $\Delta h \ge 1.16 \times Dc 17.4$  [mm].
  - The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim
     or 2, wherein the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less
     than 65 to not more than 80 mm.
    - 4. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein: the excitation coil is constituted by a core and a coil wound around the core; and the center portion of the portion around which the coil is wound in the longitudinal direction of the core is positioned within a range that is apart from a plane on which the largest diameter of the bulb is located by a distance from not less than 8 mm to not more than 20 mm toward the ballast circuit side.

5. A compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp comprising:

a bulb filled with discharge gas containing mercury and a rare gas; an excitation coil installed near the bulb;

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil; and

a base that is electrically connected to the ballast circuit,

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wherein: the bulb, the excitation coil, the ballast circuit and the base are formed into an integral part;

the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape; a recessed portion to which the excitation coil is inserted is formed on the ballast circuit side of the bulb;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof, with a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion being provided with a function for suppressing the convection of the discharge gas;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 55 mm to not more than 75 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.05 W/cm<sup>2</sup> to less than 0.07 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the

bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3; and

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supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is  $\Delta h$ , and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied:  $\Delta h \leq 1.92 \times Dc - 22.4$  [mm].

- 6. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 5, wherein: the diameter Dc and the distance  $\Delta h$  satisfy the following relationship:  $\Delta h \ge 1.16 \times Dc 17.4$  [mm].
  - 7. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of claim 5 or 6, wherein the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 70 mm.
    - 8. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 5 to 7, wherein: the excitation coil is constituted by a core and a coil wound around the core; and the center portion of the portion around which the coil is wound in the longitudinal direction of the core is virtually positioned on a plane within which the largest diameter of the bulb is located.
    - 9. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the mercury is enclosed in the bulb not in the

form of amalgam but in the form of mercury element.

10. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the filling pressure of the rare gas is set in a range from not less than 60 Pa to not more than 300 Pa.

11. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein a phosphor layer is formed on an inner surface of the bulb.

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- 12. The compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp of any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the diameter Dc of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is greater than the diameter of a portion corresponding to virtually the center portion of the recessed portion in the longitudinal direction of the excitation coil.
  - 13. An electrodeless-discharge-lamp lighting device comprising:

a bulb that is filled with discharge gas containing mercury and a rare gas, and has a recessed portion;

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an excitation coil inserted in the recessed portion; and

a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil,

wherein: the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a tube shape with a virtually round shape in the cross section thereof;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 90 mm;

the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.07 W/cm<sup>2</sup> to not more than 0.11 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;

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the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3; and,

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is  $\Delta h$ , and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied:  $\Delta h \leq 1.15 \times Dc + 1.25$  [mm].

14. An electrodeless-discharge-lamp lighting device comprising:

a bulb that is filled with discharge gas containing mercury and a rare gas, and has a recessed portion;

an excitation coil inserted in the recessed portion; and a ballast circuit which supplies high frequency power to the excitation coil,

wherein: the bulb has a virtually spherical shape or a virtually ellipsoidal shape;

the recessed portion has an opening section on the ballast circuit side, and has a virtually cylinder shape with a virtually round tube shape in the cross section thereof;

the largest diameter of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 55 mm to not more than 75 mm;

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the bulb wall loading of the bulb during a stable lighting operation is set in a range from not less than 0.05 W/cm<sup>2</sup> to less than 0.07 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;

the ratio (h/D) of the height (h) of the bulb based upon the end face of the opening section in the recessed portion to the largest diameter (D) of the bulb is set in a range from not less than 1.0 to not more than 1.3; and,

supposing that a distance between a top face of the recessed portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion and a top portion of the bulb facing the top face of the recessed portion is  $\Delta h$ , and that a diameter of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is Dc, the following relationship is satisfied:  $\Delta h \leq 1.92 \times Dc - 22.4$  [mm].

15. The electrodeless-discharge-lamp lighting device of claim 13 or 14, wherein the diameter Dc of a portion positioned on the side opposite to the opening section of the recessed portion is greater than the diameter of a portion corresponding to virtually the center portion of the recessed portion in the longitudinal direction of the induction coil.

## **ABSTRACT**

The present invention relates to a compact self-ballasted electrodeless discharge lamp in which: the largest diameter of a bulb 101 is set in a range from not less than 60 mm to not more than 90 mm and the bulb wall loading of the bulb 101 is set in a range from not less than 0.07 W/cm² to not more than 0.11 W/cm²; and in this structure, the diameter Dc of the recessed portion 102 and the distance  $\Delta h$  between the top of the recessed portion 102 and the top portion of the bulb 101 are allowed to satisfy the following relationship:  $\Delta h \leq 1.15 \times Dc + 1.25$  [mm].

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